Seat No. of the Candidate


Block No. of the Candidate


Signature of the Candidate $\square$ Signature of the
Block Supervisor $\square$

## Important Instructions for Candidates

(1) Please do not open the question booklet until you are told to do so.
(2) During examination, if a candidate is found having any literature guide, guide, piece of paper, handwritten or printed paper, mobile phone, calculator, spy camera, headphone or any other equipments then the candidate will be considered as disqualified.
(3) During the examination if candidates are found conversing with each other, making noise or not following supervisor's instructions then they will be considered as disqualified.
(4) After receiving question paper please write your seat number in OMR SHEET at the correct given place.
(5) Please do not write your seat number at any other place than the allotted one in the OMR SHEET and if any sign of your identity or recognition is found then you will be considered totally disqualified for the examination.
(6) Signatures of both the supervisor and the candidate in the certificate of OMR SHEET are compulsory without which OMR SHEET will not be evaluated, so it is compulsory for the candidate to get signature of the supervisor.
(7) Candidates can use blue/black ball pen. They cannot use pens or pencils of any other colour and also whitener.
(8) No marks should be made on any of the options in the question paper.
(9) There are total 200 questions in this question paper. There is only one answer to each question from the options A, B, C and D. Four options are given for each question. All the questions are compulsory. Example: What is the capital of Gujarat?
(A) Ahmedabad
(B) Gandhinagar
(C) Vadnagar
(D) Patan

Here, if option (B) Gandhinagar is correct then option (B) in the OMR SHEET will have to be darkened with pen.
(10) One(1) mark is allotted to each correct answer. For each wrong answer 0.25 marks will be deducted. If a candidate does not want to answer any question then he/she will have to select option E. Negative marking will not be applicable for option E.
(11) Cross marked answers, answers given on more than one option and answers re-marked after use of blade, eraser or whitener will be given Negative $\mathbf{0 . 2 5}$ marks.
(12) Please hand over the OMR SHEET to the block supervisor after completion of examination before leaving the classroom. Any candidate failing to do so will be considered as disqualified for the examination.
(13) Maximum time allotted for the examination is 180 minutes.
(14) Most appropriate option will be considered as answer of the question.

## Space for Rough Work

(1) Consider the following statements and select the correct answer from the codes given below
(A) Vikrama Samvat began in 58 BC
(B) Saka Samvat began in 78 AD
(C) Gupta era began in 319 AD
(D) The era of Muslim rule in India began in 1192 AD
(2) Who amongst the following made it possible for the Indians to enter the Indian Civil Services (ICS) through an open competitive examination?
(A) William Bentinck
(B) Dalhousie
(C) Mayo
(D) Ripon
(3) Who has written 'Jhanda Geet'?
(A) Rabindra Nath Tagore
(B) Bankim Chandra Chatterjee
(C) Maithilisharan Gupta
(D) Shyamlal Gupta 'Parshad'
(4) Which of the following was the biggest source for the Constitution of India ?
(A) The Government of India Act, 1919
(B) The Government of India Act, 1935
(C) The Indian Independence Act, 1947
(D) None of the above
(5) The method of Constitutional Amendment is provided in :
(A) Article 348
(B) Article 258
(C) Article 368
(D) Article 378
(6) Which Article of the Constitution of India says, 'No child below the age of fourteen years shall be employed to work in any factory or mine or engaged in any other hazardous employment'?
(A) Article 24
(B) Article 45
(C) Article 330
(D) Article 368
(7) Right to Education Act (2009) was introduced to help which of the following groups of society?
(A) Children of age of 6 to 14 years
(B) College going teenagers
(C) All adults who could not get formal education
(D) Female students studying senior secondary school
(8) Under the Constitution of India, which one of the following is NOT a Fundamental Duty?
(A) To vote in public elections
(B) To develop the scientific temper
(C) To safeguard public property
(D) To abide by the constitution and respect its ideals
(9) 'Beti Bachao, Beti Padhao' scheme has been launched in India in
(A) April 2015
(B) March 2015
(C) February 2015
(D) January 2015
(10) India's first Railway University will come up at .....
(A) Vadodara
(B) Bengaluru
(C) Hyderabad
(D) Lucknow
(11) Which of the following can neither be created nor be destroyed ?
(A) Energy
(B) Power
(C) Velocity
(D)Momentum
(12) Which of the following stores data permanently in a computer?
(A) ALU
(B) Cache Memory
(C) RAM
(D) ROM
(13) Which of the following is a good source of Vitamin ' $E$ '?
(A) Meat
(B) Ghee
(C) Yellow Yolk
(D) Fresh vegetable
(14) On which river is the Punasa fall situated ?
(A) Tapi
(B) Narmada
(C) Chambal
(D) Kaveri
(15) As per the section of RTE Act-2009, the student is allowed to admit in relevant grade as per one's age. Under this section, in which grade will a ten-year-old child get admission?
(A) $5^{\text {th }}$ Standard
(B) $6^{\text {th }}$ Standard
(C) $4^{\text {th }}$ Standard
(D) Can't be admitted
(16) As per the section-21 of RTE Act-2009, to whom is given the responsibility to prepare a School Development Plan?
(A) District Education Committee
(B) School Management Committee
(C) Taluka Education Committee
(D) Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan Office
(17) Who is the renowned former director of UNESCO and internationally acclaimed educationist?
(A) Gunavant Shah
(B) Dr. Ravindrabhai Dave
(C) Gijubhai Badheka
(D) Father Valles
(18) Under which article of the Constitution a provision of giving free education to 14 years old children was made ?
(A) Article - 40
(B) Article - 45
(C) Article - 50
(D) Article - 35
(19) What is the maximum age-limit to appear in the examination of "Khel Sahayak" (SAT) ?
(A) 32 Years
(B) 38 Years
(C) 40 Years
(D) 35 Years
(20) How many members were there in the Constituent Assembly?
(A) 389
(B) 545
(C) 250
(D) 166
(21) Language influencing children depends on
(A) better socio-economic environment
(B) better schooling
(C) freedom of expression given to the child
(D) All of the above
(22) In which of the following stages do children become active members of their peer group?
(A) adolescence
(B) adulthood
(C) early childhood
(D) childhood
(23) Scope of child psychology is ...
(A) study the characteristic of infancy stage only
(B) study the characteristic of conception period only
(C) study the characteristic of childhood only
(D) study the characteristic from conception to adolescence
(24) On the basis of child psychology, which statement is appropriate?
(A) All the children are homogeneous
(B) Some children are homogeneous
(C) Some children are unique
(D) Every child is unique
(25) Why is it important for the teachers to know about the various stages of child development?
(a) To produce a comfortable environment for teaching and learning process.
(b) To know and understand the problems faced by a child.
(c) To establish an effective communication with the child.
(A) Only a
(B) Only b
(C) Both a and b
(D) All of the above
(26) Kritika who does not talk much at home, talks a lot at school. It shows that
(A) the school provides opportunity to children to talk a lot
(B) teachers demand that children should talk a lot at school
(C) she does not like her home at all
(D) her thoughts get acknowledged at school
(27) Out of the following stages of life, when does the most crucial socialisation in a person take place?
(A) Adulthood
(B) Adolescence
(C) Late childhood
(D) Throughout the life
(28) Which of the following are the agencies of social development of a child?
(a) Family
(b) Peers
(c) Teacher
(d) School
(A) c and d
(B) a, c and d
(C) $a, b$ and $c$
(D) None of the above
(29) More effective learning opportunities can be provided to students by
(A) giving detailed explanation of all topics
(B) using more teaching aids
(C) conducting periodical tests
(D) basing the teaching on real-life situations
(30) Mona, a Gujarati teacher, never answers directly a question raised by a student in class.

Instead, she gives other students time to think of the answer, discuss in group, before leading them to the correct answer. She is following which of the following approaches of teaching ?
(A) Behaviourist
(B) Traditional
(C) Progressive
(D) None of these
(31) What is the cardinal principle of child - centred education?
(A) learning by doing
(B) learning by living
(C) A \& B both
(D) None of the above
(32) In the context of the basic principle of child centred education, match the following.

Principle

1. Social learning as a method and a goal

## 2. Active self regulated learning assessment

3. Orientation on the needs of the children
4. Addressing performance of the children

A B C D
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { (A) } 4 & 2 & 1 & 3 \\ \text { (C) } 3 & 2 & 1 & 4\end{array}$
(B)
(D) 3

Children have the potential to create knowledge and make meaning. From this perspective the role of a teacher is that of a
(A) communicator and lecturer
(B) facilitator
(C) director
(D) negotiator
(34) A students' chronological age is 10 years and mental age is 12 years. His IQ will be
(A) 80
(B) 100
(C) 120
(D) 140
(35) Individual differences between two persons can be due to
(A) dissimilarities between their personalities
(B) similarities between their personalities
(C) conflicts between them
(D) uniformity of personalities among human beings
(36) Sarita, an English teacher, observed that her students show differences in learning what she teaches. So Sarita should
(A) follow a uniform way of teaching so that individual differences in learning are seduced
(B) make very strict rules for the students to follow
(C) incorporate a variety of experiences in her teaching to improve learning
(D) not worry about these differences
(37) What should be the role of the teacher in reducing the effects of individual differences ?
(A) The teacher should try to adjust the curriculum as per the individuals' needs.
(B) The teacher should try to understand the abilities, aptitudes and interests of the students.
(C) Both (A) and (B)
(D) Neither (A) nor (B)
(38) A child's language development depends on $\qquad$ factors.
(A) educational
(B) biological
(C) social
(D) all of these
(39) Which of the following statements about cognitive development is correct?
(A) It represents activities that reinforce traditional method
(B) It thrives when the child is given a varied and rich environment
(C) It focuses more on individual activities in comparison to collaboration
(D) It allows conducting of relevant and well-designed tests frequently
(40) The objective of evaluation is to
(A) establish that learning has actually been achieved
(B) know what the child has learnt
(C) It is done at the end of the task
(D) It is purposeful activity fulfilling the requirement of the teacher and taught
(41) Which of the following statements is correct?
(A) Formative Assessment can be summative also
(B) Summative Assessment is not as comprehensive as Formative Assessment
(C) There is hardly any difference between Formative Assessment and Summative Assessment
(D) All of the above
(42) School Based Assessment (SBA) focuses on
(A) diagnosing the deficiencies in learning
(B) taking appropriate remedial measures
(C) continuously developing the skills and competencies of learning
(D) All of the above
(43) Which of the following is not a distinct feature of Very Short Answer type questions?
(A) It should be able to be answered quickly
(B) The learner should be guided on the extent of answer request
(C) The answer must be given by the learner, not selected from alternative
(D) None of the above
(44) A test to assess the potential of students for specific abilities and skills such as music, logical thinking or spatial ability is called a/an
(A) achievement test
(B) aptitude test
(C) skill test
(D) proficiency test
(45) Which of the following is an objective question?
(A) Essay type question
(B) Short answer question
(C) Open ended question
(D) True or false
(46) The 'Laws of Learning' were given by
(A) Pavlov
(B) Skinner
(C) Thorndike
(D) Kohler
(47) In a child-centred classroom, children generally learn
(A) mainly from the teacher
(B) individually
(C) individually and in groups
(D) in groups
(48) A lesson can be introduced in the class by
(A) asking questions
(B) illustration
(C) telling stories
(D) All of the above
(49) The first American psychologist who introduced the concept of reinforcement for learning was
(A) B.F. Skinner
(B) E.L. Thorndike
(C) Glitheric
(D) None of these
(50) A teacher uses a text and some pictures of fruits and vegetables and holds a discussion with her students. The students link the details with their previous knowledge and learn the concept of nutrition. This approach is based on
(A) construction of knowledge
(B) classical conditioning of learning
(C) theory of reinforcement
(D) operant conditioning of learning
(51) A teacher never give answers to questions herself. She encourages her students to suggest answers, have group discussions and adopt collaborative learning. This approach is based on the principle of
(A) active participation
(B) proper organisation of instructional material
(C) setting a good example and being a role-model
(D) readiness to learn
(52) According to NCF 2005, errors are important because they
(A) are an important tool in classifying students into groups of 'passed' and 'failed'
(B) provide a way to the teacher to scold the children
(C) provide an insight into the child's thinking and help to identify solutions
(D) provide space for removing some children from the class
(53) According to NCF 2005, the role of a teacher has to be
(A) dictatorial
(B) permissive
(C) facilitative
(D) authoritative
(54) Which one of the following is true for dyslexic children?
(A) They have difficulties in calculation
(B) They have IQ less than 60
(C) They have difficulties regarding words
(D) They have difficulties regarding hearing
(55) Who is founder of Psychoanalysis theory?
(A) Sigmund Freud
(B) Hans Eysenck
(C) Allport
(D) Sheldon
(56) Complete the given series by finding the missing terms
$1,4,27,16, ?, 36,343$
(A) 25
(B) 87
(C) 120
(D) 125
(57) Complete the given series by finding the missing terms.

2, 5, 9, ?, 20, 27
(A) 14
(B) 16
(C) 18
(D) 24
(58) Which term comes next in the given series:

YEB, WFD, UHG, SKI, ?
(A) QOL
(B) QGL
(C) TOL
(D) QNL
(59) Vigilant : Alert :: Viable :?
(A) Active
(B) Hopeless
(C) Feasible
(D) Useful
(60) Sweet is to chocolate as book is to $\qquad$ .
(A) Dictionary
(B) Library
(C) Encyclopedia
(D) Atlas
(61) Choose the word which is least like the other words in the group
(A) Zebra
(B) Lion
(C) Tiger
(D) Horse
(62) Choose the group of letters which is different from others.
(A) POCG
(B) KLIZ
(C) BUDX
(D) FQMV
(63) X introduces Y saying "He is the husband of the granddaughter of the father of my father." How is Y related to X ?
(A) Brother
(B) Brother-in-law
(C) Son
(D) Son-in-law
(64) Find the value of '?'.

(A) 74
(B) 84
(C) 94
(D) 104
(65) Find the value of '?'.

| 1 | 2 | 3 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 7 | 8 | 9 |
| 27 | 38 | $?$ |

(A) 49
(B) 50
(C) 51
(D) 52
(66) Who is the tallest among six boys $\mathrm{P}, \mathrm{T}, \mathrm{N}, \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{Q}$ and R ?
I. P is taller than D and N but not as tall as T
II. R is taller than Q but not as tall as T
III. Q is not taller than T and R
(A) Only I and II
(B) Only II and III
(C) Only I and III
(D) All I, II, III
(67) Find the number of quadrilaterals in the given figure.

(A) 6
(B) 7
(C) 9
(D) 11
(68) Which figure comes next in the series?


3
4

(B)

(C)

(D)

(69) Which figure comes next in the series?

(A)

(B)

(C)

(D) C(C)
(70) Which figure comes next in the series?

(A)

(B)

(C)

(D)

(71) ‘દોશી’ શબ્દનો અર્થ નીચે પૈકી કયો છે ?
(A) અપરાધી
(B) કાપડ વેચનારો
(C) વૃદ્ધ માતા
(D) વફાદાર
(72) 'મેં પાપણિયે પૂન્ય ન કીધું, તો ક્યાંથો આવો સ્વામી !' - વાક્યમાં કઈ વિભક્તિ વપરાઈ છે ?
(A) તૃતીયા વિભક્તિ
(B) ષષ્ઠી વિભક્તિ
(C) પંચમી વિભક્તિ
(D) સપ્તમી વિભક્તિ
(73) આપેલાં વાક્યોમાં સંભાવનાર્થ વાક્ય ક્યું છે ?
(A) પીએ નહિ કોઈ પંથી, હંસ નવ બેસે છે તીરે
(B) પીએ નહિ કોઈ પંથી, હંસ નવ બેઠેલ તીરે
(C) પીએ નહિ કોઈ પંથી, હંસ નવ બેક્ઠં'તું તીરે
(D) પીએ નહિ કોઈ પંથી, હંસ નવ બેસશે તીરે
(74) ઉદાર સ્થિતિને ઉજાશમાં બદલી નાંખવાના પ્રતીક તરીકે ‘સૂરજ’ નો ઉપયોગ કયા કાવ્યમાં થયો છે ?
(A) યક્રવાદ મિથુન
(B) છપપા
(C) વનમાં ચાંદલિયો ઊગ્યો
(D) ચાંદામામા
(75) સે' પૂરવી રૂઢિપ્રયોગનો અર્થ શું થાય ?
(A) શરમ ભરવી
(B) મદદ કરવી
(C) શરમ આવવી
(D) હાજરી ભરવી
(76) નીચે પૈકી કયું જોડકું સાચું છે ?

1. મણિશંકર રત્નજી ભટ્ટ
અ. ‘ધૂમકેતુ’
2. ગૌરીશંકર જોશી

બ. ‘કાન્ત'
3. જયશંકર ભોજક

ક. 'સુંદરી'
4. ત્રિભુવનદાસ લુહાર
3. 'સુંદરમૂ'
(A) $(1-\sharp),(2-બ),(3-\xi),(4-3)$
(B) $(1-\xi),(2-\xi),(3-3),(4-\leadsto)$
(C) $(1-\xi),(2-G),(3-3),(4-$ か)
(D) $(1-G),(2-અ),(3-\xi),(4-3)$
(77) નીચે પૈકી કયો શબ્દ ‘ઉત્તાન’ શબ્દનો સમાનાર્થી નથી ?
(A) પથરાયેલું
(B) ઉખાડેલું
(C) ફેલાયેલું
(D) છીછટું
(78) ‘ભાણી’ કાવ્યનો સાહિત્ય પ્રકાર કયો છે ?
(A) ઊર્મિકાવ્ય
(B) સૉનેટ
(C) અછાંદસ
(D) ૫દ
(79) ‘ખીલા’ કાવ્યના કવિનું નામ શું છે ?
(A) 'કાન્ત'
(B) સુંદરમ્
(C) પ્રિયકાન્ત મણિયાર
(D) ઈજ્જતકુમાર ત્રિવેદી
(80) નીચે પૈકી સાચી જોડણી કઈ છે ?
(A) આઈડન્ટીટિ
(B) આઈન્ડેન્ટિટી
(C) આઈડડીન્ટી
(D) આઈડેનટીટી
(81) 'સહી નથી’ ગઝલ કયા કાવ્યસંગ્રહમાંથી લીધી છે ?
(A) 'જલન'માંથી
(B) ‘દીપ્તિ’માંથી
(C) 'કુમાર’માંથી
(D) 'પૂર્વાલાપ’માંથી
(82) નીચે પૈકી સાચી જોડણી કઈ છે ?
(A) ઉછૃંખલ
(B) उચ્કૃંધલ
(C) ઉચ્ચખલ
(D) उछ્છૃખલ
(83) 'મહેરબાની' શબ્દનો વિરોધી અર્થ ધરાવતો શબ્દ કયો છે ?
(A) અપયશ
(B) કૃપા
(C) અવકૃપા
(D) આજીજ
(84) 'ખોદકામ કરવાનું તો ભોજા માટે સાવ સહેલું હતું.' વાક્યમાં લીટી દોરેલ શબ્દનો કૃદંતપ્રકાર જણાવો.
(A) સંબંધક ભૂતકૃદૃંત
(B) ભવિપ્યકૃદંત
(C) વર્તમાનકૃદંત
(D) હેત્વર્થ કૃદંત
(85) 'જરરિયાત કરતાં વધું વાપરવું તે ચોરી છે એમ માની પાલના કરવું તે’ શબ્દસમૂહ માટે એક શબ્દ શોધો.
(A) અહિંસા
(B) અસ્તેય
(C) અપરિગ્રહ
(D) અસ્વાદવ્રત
(86) $\qquad$ poor in study Ritesh is, he will not copy answer from his neighbor.
(A) However
(B) So
(C) Though
(D) As
(87) My house is located $\qquad$ the school. (Put proper preposition)
(A) beside
(B) besides
(C) by
(D) above
(88) "Do you want to travel by the main train?" Turn into indirect.
(A) The clerk asked did he want to travel by the mail train.
(B) The clerk asked if he want to travel by the mail train.
(C) The clerk asked if he wanted to travel by the mail train.
(D) The clerk asked if he did want to travel by the mail train.
(89) Dhyani sings as if she $\qquad$ Sunidhi Chauhan.
(A) were
(B) is
(C) was
(D) will be
(90) Darshan is cleverer than $\qquad$ other boys in the classroom.
(A) any
(B) most
(C) rest of
(D) so many
(91) An act of acknowledging an achiever is called $\qquad$ .
(A) facilitation
(B) felicitation
(C) euphemism
(D) confrontation
(92) Change the voice: Which player hits the wicket in every over?
(A) By which player does the wicket hit in every over?
(B) Which player is hit wicket in every over?
(C) Which wicket is hit by the player in every over?
(D) By which player is the wicket hit in every over ?
(93) Choose the correct sentence.
(A) Ours is a new house.
(B) A new house is our.
(C) Our house are new.
(D) Ours are new house.
(94) Change the narration.
"I'll have cup of coffee." My elder brother said, "because I'm not hungry."
(A) My elder brother said that I would have a cup of coffee because I wasn't hungry.
(B) My elder brother said that he would have a cup of coffee because he wasn't hungry.
(C) My elder brother said that he will have a cup of coffee because he wasn't hungry.
(D) My elder brother said that he would had a cup of coffee because he isn't hungry.
(95) Choose the correct option.

A B

1. contour a. smell
2. savour b. eat
3. devour
c. spoil
4. defile
d. in curve
(A) $1-\mathrm{a}, 2-\mathrm{b}, 3-\mathrm{d}, \quad 4-\mathrm{c}$
(B) $1-\mathrm{d}, \quad 2-\mathrm{a}, ~ 3-\mathrm{b}, \quad 4-\mathrm{c}$
(C) $1-\mathrm{b}, 2-\mathrm{c}, 3-\mathrm{d}, ~ 4-\mathrm{a}$
(D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b, 4-c
(96) Choose the proper question tag.

Sumit cuts a delicious cake on his birthday, $\qquad$ ?
(A) doesn't he
(B) isn't he
(C) wasn't he
(D) didn't he
(97) Choose the correct spelling.
(A) potppori
(B) potpourri
(C) pottpourri
(D) potpouri
(98) Select the word that is different from the other three words. tranquility, serenity, calmness, restlessness
(A) calmness
(B) tranquility
(C) restlessness
(D) serenity
(99) $\qquad$ grazing in the field.
(A) One of the deer is
(B) One of the deers are
(C) One of the deer are
(D) One of the deers is
(100) Select one word for the following sentence.

A medical practitioner specializing in the diagnosis and treatment of skin disorders.
(A) Misogamist
(B) Pediatric
(C) Ophthalmologist
(D) Dermatologist

## SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

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પરીક્ષા પૂરી થયા બાદ ઉત્તરપત્ર (OMR SHEET) ખંડ નિરીક્ષકને ખુલ્લું (કવરમાં મુક્યા વગર) પરત કર્યા બાદ જ પરીક્ષા ખંડ છોડવાનો રહેશે. તેમ કરવામાં કસૂર થયેથી શિસ્તભંગના પગલાં ગણી પરીક્ષા માટે જે તે ઉમેદવારને ગેરલાયક ઠેરવવામાં આવશે.

